force against any state opposing the Atlanticist policy, especially Angola and Mozambique, and against the population inside South Africa, transforming the entire region into a genocide slave-labor camp.

The two-fold trigger for this move by Malan and the army is the widespread unrest inside South Africa provoked by police repression of student demonstrations, including flogging of peaceful but illegal demonstrators, and the region-wide crisis created by the NATO-coordinated terror raids by the Rhodesian military into Mozambique. The Atlanticist press has loudly advertised the murderous Rhodesian raids as inviting Soviet or Cuban intervention. The spectre of Soviet or Cuban intervention into Mozambique on the side of Zimbabwe (Rhodesian) guerrillas fighting for majority rule is inducing maximum hysteria among southern Africa's white population.

The Rhodesian raid was made against a camp of 8,000 civilians, refugees from Zimbabwe. The Rhodesian forces entered the camp and mowed down anyone who couldn't get out of the way fast enough. The death toll is well over 670, and may reach 1,000 as more bodies are uncovered from ditches where they were thrown, or the mass graves and buildings into which victims were piled up, which were then burned.

South Africa is going for a similar crisis between Namibia and neighboring Angola to set up Angola for attack by South African military forces. South Africa is required by the United Nations to present a proposal by the end of the month which will satisfactorily lead to Namibia's independence. Namibia is now controlled by South Africa. This week South Africa advanced a proposal which advocated turning Namibia into a bantustan (concentration camp) region under South African control. This proposal has been rejected as a fraud by Swapo, the Namibian liberation group.

Any civil strife resulting from continued South African repression in Namibia will be blamed on forces "aided and abetted" by Angola, to establish the pretext for South African military attacks on Angola. Malan is warning of guerrilla war: "I am prepared to predict that our country can soon expect the possibility of a terrorist war. I believe it will be of low intensity and an unconventional war." This "terrorist war of low intensity" is Atlanticist jargon for the unleashing of their black terrorist gangs against their own white regimes, providing the justification for a South African war against any country that Malan and Kissinger want to charge with "harboring" the terrorists.

Internal Maneuvers

Inside South Africa Fabian liberals, typified by the United Party's Sir De Villiers Graaff, who have in the past offered only token criticism of apartheid, are taking their cue from the riots provoked by the police and the implementation of preventive detention on a nationwide scale to call for a moderate government which would improve the status of blacks. The liberal call is fueling the backlash among Afrikaners, who would welcome an army takeover to rid the nation of apartheid by eliminating blacks entirely. The ruling pro-apartheid National Party is now talking of dumping the parliamentary system and replacing it with a federated system of local-control work camps and bantustans secured by the military.

To keep moderates in line, white terrorists organized into revived Nazi gangs have been let loose upon progressive antiapartheid whites. In late July, the hoodlums of the pro-Hitler Ossewa Brandwag gang set fire to the offices of De Beeld, an Afrikaner newspaper with a liberal line, according to the Soviet news agency Tass.

CounterSpy's Winslow Peck On South Africa Violence

Aug. 18 (NSIPS) — The following interview on South Africa with Institute for Policy Studies operative Winslow Peck was made available today to New Solidarity by an independent reporter. Peck serves as an international terrorist controller and is one of the editors of the Institute's publication CounterSpy. He previously told another journalist that the Institute intended to expand its international work, sending its "Fellows" to new areas including southern Africa.

Q: Can you comment on your recent article in CounterSpy about South Africa totally leaving the control of the CIA and U.S. State Department.

A: ...What I'm expecting is that South Africa will move more and more independently, making policy decisions more and more out of line with what Washington wants — more in terms of foreign policy than in terms of internal structure. It would then be likely for South Africa to declare war on Angola and Mozambique....

The real thing is the formation of a new international alliance between South Africa, Israel, Iran, possibly West Germany, Malawi, maybe India, and the Philippines. First you'll see the alliance economically, and then you'll see mutual defense pacts. ...The new power bloc economically and politically...has learned the lesson of Vietnam that the U.S. will not support its own clients. Therefore they are forming a bloc to rely on each other. The corporations are the primary influences on all policy in this bloc...like Angloamerican (Corporation) that really runs much of South Africa's policy. It has its own private intelligence and security, but it's all very complicated and runs in a closed, secret atmosphere. It's impossible to tell where Angloamerican ends and BOSS (the South African Bureau of State Security-Ed.) begins. At times, I doubt that individuals who work in it (Angloamerican) are sure whom they are working for. You should read an article by Norman Mailer in New York Magazine on ITT and the CIA. Their relationship is similar to that of Angloamerican and South Africa.

Q: How will NATO react to this new alliance?

A: For all practical purposes South Africa is in NATO....But the real story is Soweto and the black liberation movement....It's fantastic and astonishing — it's like the student movement here in the 1960s. There'll be more riots....

Q: How will this affect the government?

A: This will push them further and further to the right. They will become more repressive, both in foreign policy and internally. A lot of security activity is now being directed against the student movements, particularly to prevent the black and white student movements from hooking up, but security is also directed against the extreme right wing.

Q: Doesn't the government want the right wing?

A: There are two right wings. One is people like Oppenheimer (the Rockefeller-linked diamond magnate-Ed.) and Vorster (Prime Minister). They are smart, on top of things financially, and more outward oriented. Then there is the extreme right, the Afrikaners. They are adventuristic; they want a war with Black Africa, and they have stupid actions, and politically. The government (the Oppenheimer-Vorster right) keeps the extreme right under control by spying on it, organizing sabotage and murder, just the normal political processes, the same way they do in this country....But it is only a matter of time until South Africa is destroyed.