West German Organizing For MBFR Settlement Reemerges

WEST GERMANY

Leading West German political figures are again organizing publicly for a Western European disarmament accord with the Soviet Union under auspices of the Vienna Mutual and Balanced Force Reduction talks (MBFR) — independent of the United States.

On April 13, Juergen Pawelcyk, a prominent Social Democratic member of the Federal Parliamentary Defense Committee, wrote an article for the conservative daily Die Welt declaring that "an initial MBFR result is possible...we are at a political crossroads." Similarly the April 9 Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung said in a commentary that Social Democratic Parliamentary fraction leader Herbert Wehner — the most outspoken supporter of an MBFR agreement — is energetically organizing within the Social Democracy for this policy, and expects to force a confrontation on this issue within the Federal cabinet.

This open discussion of the need for European disarmament agreement has reappeared in West Germany after approximately a month of silence on the question. By no accident, it reappears at the very same time that West Germany, Britain, and numerous other countries have been forced to face up to the hideous reality of the Carter Administration's zero-growth energy program, Carter's plutonium ban and other forthcoming horrors which constitute a dire immediate threat to the European economy. This European consensus on the energy issue is now the main force driving them to Vienna. Thus, while Washington attempts to bluff and lure the Soviet Union into a SALT agreement on the basis of an inequitable "numbers game" confined to weapons systems, West Germany is leading the Europeans in putting out feelers to Moscow on a broad and basic peace

accord, including East-West economic cooperation and energy co-development.

Warsaw Pact No Threat

In his *Die Welt* article, Pawelcyk directly attacked "those who object" to an MBFR conclusion on the pretended grounds that Soviet military superiority is endangering the West; the MBFR concept of "equal" troop reductions by both sides would leave conventional Soviet war-fighting capacities intact, the argument runs.

Pawelcyk exposes the objection: "Talk of 'Warsaw Pact superiority' is aimed at creating a psychosis of fear, to manipulate government policy into spending more funds for weapons, funds which will be taken out of essential areas of social life." He emphasizes: "There is no threat at present to the West from the Warsaw Pact."

Pawelcyk's argument is directed primarily at West German Foreign Minister Genscher, whose recent public statements have asserted that West Germany has no intention of negotiating an MBFR settlement without U.S. acquiescence. Genscher, a firm ally of the Carter Administration in Bonn, also insists that "equal" troop reductions would never be tolerated by the United States.

The Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung commentary indicates that Herbert Wehner is on a confrontation course with Genscher. Wehner's strategy is to generate enthusiastic backing for independent MBFR negotiations within the SPD party machine, arguing that this will be a major political victory for the governemnt. "Wehner's recommendations could interest the SPD delegates," the Allgemeine notes, "who are looking for a release from a series of government failures" on social policy problems. Should Wehner convince the SPD that "the path to a solution to domestic problems leads to Vienna," then this will generate a crisis in Genscher's Free Democratic Party, which is in a federal coalition with the SPD. "For Genscher, the danger would emerge...of having to push a policy which he considers false, or face the consequences" - resign.

Rockefeller's Nazi Networks In Greece

SPECIAL REPORT

Since the advent of the Carter Administration, fascistterrorist gangs inside Greece have been increasingly activated in efforts to bring down the Karamanlis government. Karamanlis is being openly pressured by the U.S. State Department to fully reintegrate Greece into NATO; to grant overflight privileges to U.S. military aircraft operating in the Mediterranean region and the Middle East; and to accept a "final" U.S. solution of the Cyprus dispute, partitioning the island and installing NATO bases there.

Karamanlis has resisted on all of these points, and has sought European, Arab and to a lesser extent East bloc support to strengthen his negotiating position. He has been aided by successful efforts to relax tensions between Greece and Turkey, tensions which have always been manipulated by the U.S. to shape Greek and Turk-

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ish policy and to overthrow governments when deemed expedient.

Cyrus Vance, who was exposed in 1969 as the case officer who handled NATO's "Operation Prometheus" coup in Greece for the colonels has therefore put into motion the extensive, well-organized Nazi underground. Although Greece's fascist groups, despite their international connections and funding, do not have the power to overthrow Karamanlis with a putsch on their own, they are the key element in a "left-right" destabilization scenario for Greece.

Personally involved in running this scenario for the Carter Administration are former U.S. Vice-President Nelson Rockefeller and West Germany's neo-Nazi chairman of the Christian Social Union, Franz Josef Strauss.

Since the end of the Second World War, the fascists have been intermeshed with Greek military security, police security, the Royal Household, and pro-Rockefeller political circles. A commitment by Karamanlis to dismantle this network would immediately put him into confrontation with the powerful pro-American political-military infrastructure upon which U.S. domination rests. Predicting that Karamanlis would not so move, Vance and company are banking on the hope that his inaction will unleash a wave of left-wing protests and mobilizations similar to the pre-coup period of 1965-67.

To this end, Rockefeller's private intelligence agencies have been heavily investing in the creation of a synthetic "left" that could play this provocateur role. All such countergangs were created in exile after the 1967 coup primarily through Institute for Policy Studies (IPS) networks operating in Western Europe. The Maoist-anarchist movement EKKE originated in West Berlin as an offshoot of Baader-Meinhof countercultural groups. Eleftherotypia, the daily newspaper which speaks for the "new left," is an IPS front group with links to the Baader-Meinhof group, the Eurocommunists and the CIA-Willy Brandt faction of the European Social Democracy. One of their journalists, G. Votsis, who advocates terrorism and backs such actions by the Baader-Meinhof, was exposed during the days of the Junta as an intelligence operative with connections to the Royal Household. Eleftherotypia is also closely connected with a Greek version of "Counterspy" (an IPS disinformation service) called "Anti" which is also under the control of IPS. The other side of the synthetic left is the Eurocommunist KKE (interior), which is controlled by the CIA's Carrillo-Amendola axis within the European Communist parties.

The Rockefeller-controlled "left," however, has failed to gain any mass base or credibility. Its most striking defeat came last month when the coalition slate of "new-leftist" candidates in the student elections was over-whelmingly defeated by the Greek Communist Party. Such results have prevented them from rallying students and others to protest the government's failure to fully prosecute fascist terrorists. Recently "Anti" and "Eleftherotypia" have conduited a steady stream of exposé material supplied by U.S. agencies on right-wing terrorist groups, charging the government with being the terrorists "protector."

This ploy has failed in part because both Papandreou and the KKE have informed the Greek public since Feb-

ruary that the Nazis were being used to overthrow the Karamanlis government. Another major factor was the support Karamanlis has received from Britain's Prime Minister Callaghan (and probably Italy's Andreotti government as well) which allowed him to begin a partial crackdown against the Nazi groups in February. However the potential for destabilizations still exists until the Nazi networks in Greece are completely dismantled.

Nazis Mobilized

On Jan. 17 former Junta Minister Totomis appeared on a Greek language program on New York television three days before Carter inauguration, praising the Junta and attacking Karamanlis, calling him "the Greek Kerensky" and denouncing his "socialist economic policies." Totomis also attacked MP Tsouderou, and charged Rumania with infiltrating Greece under the pretext of prospecting for oil. Latest reports from Greece point to the fact that the allied forces of Royalists like Theotokis, Stafenopoulos Garoufallias ex-army officers, and members of the Strauss-connected Christian Democratic Party XRIKE are touring the country campaigning for the release of the Junta operatives still in jail, and spreading fierce anti-Communist propaganda. This open provocation has to be attributed to the legislation adopted by the government designed to frustrate the Royalist plans for a full return to the political life through the formation of a Royalist party. Sources say that this campaign is financially and otherwise supported by London and Bonn.

Plans for the current activation of Die Spinne international terrorist networks were laid at a January 30, 1977 meeting in Paris. That meeting brought together such men as Marcello Sada of the Chase Manhattan-dominated Monterrey financial group in Mexico, actively involved in the deployment of the 23rd of September and other fascist gangs; CIA station chief McKay from Miami. Florida, one of the main command and logistics centers for anti-Castro Cuban terrorism: CIA station chief Johnson from Baden-Baden, West Germany, a major training center for Die Spinne terrorists dating back to the CIA's creation of the "Gehlen Organization" for Cold War paramilitary operations in Eastern Europe; and Phil Ford, CIA station chief from Paris. Immediately after the meeting a wave of terrorism was unleashed against Rockefeller opponents in Spain, Italy, Greece and France coordinated jointly by Interpol, the countries' respective Interior Ministers, and Wall Street linked CIA factions.

Two of the Rockefellers' top Die Spinne controllers, William F. Buckley and Lt. Gen. Vernon Walters, traveled to Spain where they could secretly meet with the participants at the Paris meeting and provide final marching orders. Vernon Walters, the former Deputy CIA Director under Richard Helms and now in charge of Mediterranean CIA operations, is one of a handful of quasi-military intelligence operatives who have made their careers as Rockefeller agents. It was Walters who coordinated the destabilization of Chile, where old Nazi networks were mobilized for the "Truckers' Strike," etc. to pull down Allende's government. William Buckley and his family, who have made a small fortune as camp followers of Standard Oil operations, are deeply involved in

Rockefeller's Die Spinne operations, particularly in Iberia, where F.Reid Buckley resides, and in Latin America, where William Buckley worked under E. Howard Hunt to set up CIA operations shortly after the agency's creation, redeploying tens of thousands of Nazi war criminals, the basis for current Die Spinne terrorism.

Others involved particularly in the Greek side of Die Spinne operations are American Ambassador Kubisch, who has previously served in such Nazi "safe havens" as Brazil and Bolivia; the head of the U.S. Military Mission, William Berg; and Phil Scott (a.k.a. "Steve" and "Jackal"), who under Embassy cover serves as coordinator of the "Palladin" group which combines both Die Spinne and Institute for Policy Studies "right and left" terrorist organizations.

It was shortly after a visit by Buckley and Walters announced in *Rizospastis* some months ago that the Palladin and New Order networks were first activated. In mid-December, the Junta's notorious torturer, Mr. Mallios, former head of the Athens General Police Security Division and liaison to the National Military Police (ESA), was assassinated. During Mallios' funeral the neo-Nazi groups "August 4th Movement" and New Order went on a rampage, assaulting members of the KKE, bombing KKE bookstores and cars. Once journalists stripped the cover off the previously unheard of group which claimed credit for the assassination, the "November 17th Movement," it was found that Kaletzis, the murderous head of New Order, was actually responsible.

Ample evidence also pointed to the involvement of Scott's Palladin group in the Mallios affair. Palladin was earlier the subject of a combined KGB-CIA investigation into the murder of Mideast Regional CIA chief, Richard Welch. Following the Mallios operation, Palladin was also linked to the assassination of Gaullist Deputy De Broglie in France, where a branch of the organization is tied into both the IPS-linked Liberation newspaper group and remnants of the Secret Army Organization (OAS).

International Connections

New Order in Greece is part of the Nouvel Ordre European (NOE) Nazi International which was founded in 1958 to create a second-generation Die Spinne terrorist capability. The founders of NOE were members of the Malmo International, a post-World War II Anglo-American intelligence operation that combined such agents as Sir Oswald Mosley, Otto Skorzeny, etc. Branches of the NOE were established in Greece, Spain, Italy, and France. In Italy the NOE, known as Ordine Nuovo, worked closely with Atlanticist factions of the Movimiento Sociale Italiano; in France it was intermeshed with the Secret Army Organization, the paramilitary fascist organization created by the CIA and Vichyite military layers to counter De Gaulle.

In 1974, the NOE shifted its principal operations from Italy to both Spain and Greece. It had been driven out of Italy following an aborted military coup, organized by Italian intelligence (the SID), which was to have included the assassination of Italian President Leone, the Prime Minister, members of the Cabinet and anti-Atlanticist military leaders. Italian newspapers fully documented the connections between such Ordine Nuovo

leaders as Elio Massagrante and the Rockefeller-allied head of Italy's Interior Ministry, Francesco Cossiga. Despite this exposé and the forced redeployment of NOE headquarters to Spain and Greece, Ordine Nuovo elements are still active in Italy, where they attempted the assassination of Italian Prime Minister Andreotti on the heels of the Paris meeting of Die Spinne controllers.

Since then, both the Italian government and the Suarez government in Spain have launched a major crackdown on the NOE network. With the strong support of Italian pro-development forces, Spanish police arrested 18 fascist terrorists last month and four Italian "instructors" responsible for a wave of bombings and kidnappings. Included in this group was Ordine Nuovo leader Elio Massagrante, who coordinated activities in Spain, Italy and Greece.

The Movement of August 4, now active in Greece, is also affiliated with the NOE. The group was officially founded by sociology student Kostas Plevris in 1960. Plevris was given his first recruits and funds through the Interpol-controlled Police Security department. The manner in which August 4th, like the NOE, was used was modeled on the early 1930s experiences of Interpol. During that time Interpol was put under Nazi control, and established control over the political-security departments of European police forces. Through those departments it organized extra-legal terror units for assassinations, riots and so forth. The creation of August 4 in 1960 was the cutting edge of a destabilization campaign being carried out at the time by the Greek Palace and the U.S. Originally it was used in conjunction with the security police as a terror weapon against the Communists and Papandreou in the 1961 elections; however by 1964 August 4th gangs became the vehicle for the forced resignation of Karamanlis, who was fiercely resisting the U.S. on the question of Cyprus, and was also displaying Gaullist sympathies. August 4th gangsters were deployed by the Royal Household through the supervision of the security police to assasinate G. Lambrakis (an MP of the United Democratic Left) and after the deed was done Karamanlis was publicly accused and linked to the murderers, thus forcing his exit from Greece.

It was later revealed that only two months before the Lambrakis assassination, two top personalities of Black International terrorism arrived in Athens. The first was CIA agent "Sherman Miller" who functioned as a controller of numerous fascist organizations in the Mediterranean area. He was accompanied by SS major Ziegfried Zogelman, better known as the "Butcher of Prague," who worked under Skorzeny for Die Spinne. Miller was also in Greece in 1960-61 helping to put together the wave of terror that made the elections of 1961 go down in Greek history as "the elections of fraud and violence." Zogelman and Miller also helped found the fascist, police-controlled student movement EKOF, the same year that Ordine Nuovo was created in Italy out of the same networks.

The most prominent patron and controller of the Greek Die Spinne apparatus is Franz Josef Strauss. During the Junta years Strauss travelled to Greece several times to give the colonels international support. Strauss was a close collaborator of Makarezos (one of the main characters behind the coup), and made his newspaper the Bavarian Post the Junta's mouthpiece in Europe.

After the downfall of the Junta in 1974, Strauss was sent into Greece to prevent Karamanlis from purging the military-police apparatus of its Die Spinne infrastructure. While Karamanlis was under intense pressure from the left to carry out this purge, and was in the process of trying Junta chief Papadopoulos, Strauss came to Athens and delivered a personal warning to Karamanlis.

In March 1976, at the point where the groundwork was being laid for terrorist activation, Strauss arrived in Greece and formed a new fascist party called the "Greek Christian Democratic Party" (XRIKE), whose leadership is made up of notorious Nazi collaborators and Junta henchmen such as Matheou, Gouras, and Manolopoulos. This new group was created to provide a political cover for the terrorism which was to follow. Strauss arranged that another meeting be held in Nuremburg for the purpose of making XRIKE's political presence felt in the political arena, and to formally announce an alliance with other Black International parties operating in the Mediterranean zone. During the conference in Nuremburg where Greeks, Spaniards, Portuguese, and Italian neofascists participated, it was decided that the recruitment of membership should come from the Royalists, from disaffected members of Karamanlis's party who believed that "Karamanlis had turned to the Center," and from members of the police-security "invisible government." Fotis Gouras, who was appointed to head up XRIKE, is a member of Strauss's CSU party and was a university student for many years in West Germany.

Rockefeller Support for Karamanlis' Overthrow

Latest reports reveal the Carter Administration's role in this affair. On Jan. 20, the Greek CP newspaper Rizospastis reported that on Christmas eve a meeting between the ex-Junta Interior Minister Totomis and Nelson Rockefeller in Virginia took place. Also present at that meeting was ex-Junta Minister Evlambios. Highlevel consultations and meetings between other ex-Junta officials and Washington State Department figures were also publicized in the Greek press as being part of a plan to topple the Karamanlis government. After Totomis' meeting with Nelson Rockefeller, the former minister

announced to the press "Karamanlis's days are few!" Then, on New Year's Eve, Totomis went to Germany for a meeting with Strauss where funding conduits were set up and an agreement reached for training Greek fascists in paramilitary acts at the Hans-Seidel Institute. Evlambios toured U.S. cities the same week calling for the overthrow of Karamanlis. On Jan. 17 Totomis appeared on New York TV. Immediately after his meeting with Strauss, Totomis paid a short visit to Teheran, where he received financial backing (supposedly from the Shah of Iran, who is reported to be a staunch ally of the Greek Royal Household, though it cannot be excluded that Totomis simply received laundered CIA funds without any commitment from the Shah.)

At present XRIKE is working hand in glove with Royalist agents such as Garoufalias, and ex-Junta officers and police officials around a campaign for the overthrow of Karamanlis, and the release of imprisoned Junta leaders. This campaign which is merely the window dressing "legal" cover for the terrorist rampage is funded through Strauss and the Royal Household. Karamanlis has responded by declaring illegal the creation of any political formation which advocates the return of the Monarchy.

Karamanlis' Counterattack

Besides the crackdowns and the attempt to flush out the agents in the security police apparatus, the Karamanlis government has approved legislation which declares that may attempt by the royalists to form a party is "illegal and unconstitutional."

This week the Greek Foreign Ministry simultaneously announced a Karamanlis tour in five European countries at the end of April, including a meeting in Britain with Prime Minister Callaghan. This meeting is specifically designed to get the Europeans more involved in the settlement of the Cyprus conflict and thus keep Clifford's "mediating" assignments from Carter out of the negotiations.

In addition Karamanlis has been the main promoter and advocate of a unified Balkan peninsula and has been pushing for the reconvening of the Second Balkan Conference to secure peace and cooperation among the countries of the peninsula including Turkey.

-Chrissa Axios