International Intelligence

García: 'What counts for me is history'

Peruvian President Alan García lashed out in a speech on Nov. 7 against those accusing him of plotting to remain in power past his term by forcing a constitutional change that would permit his reelection. It is well known that the charge originates with Luis Alva Castro, who undermined the García government last summer by resigning as prime minister.

Referring to "those men who, some with bad faith and bad intentions" have been circulating this rumor, García said, "I don't desire to remain in power. . . . I don't need presidential stripes, nor positions, nor the election of a man. . . .

"And to the evil intention of those who believe they can put an end to my efforts and my influence, I tell them . . . you fight, I take no part in your illegitimate and petty fights. What is important to me is history. I am not interested in a position. I can be President in the government house, or I can be a day laborer on Lake Titicaca."

State Dept. covers for terror in Philippines

The U.S State Department is censoring any information on the Philippines which does not conform to its assessments, according to informed Filipino sources. Specifically, the State Department has systematically blocked any information from reaching Washington or the press that contradicts the line it is peddling on the state of the Cory Aquino government, or on the extent of Soviet influence in the country. Reportedly, Aquino is being successfully pressured to move to undercut U.S. military presence in the Philippines, but this is being blacked out.

On Nov. 11, Philippines Foreign Secretary Raul Manglapus announced that the country will most likely invoke anti-nuclear clauses against the U.S. bases at Clark Field and Subic Bay, to specify that nuclear-armed

ships could not port at Subic Bay.

Meanwhile, following the assassination of three American soldiers in Manila on Oct. 29, terrorist threats against Americans are intensifying. The National Democratic Front, the political wing of the communist New People's Army, issued a release warning the "United States government to stop meddling in the internal affairs of the Filipino people, or pay a high price... in terms of American lives and property... All U.S. military and civilian officials and personnel involved in carrying out the total war, whether the advisers, intelligence operatives, action agents or in other functions, are therefore targets of the attack."

On Nov. 9, Manila papers reported that the guerrillas are threatening to kill more U.S. servicemen unless the United States stops security patrols outside its military bases in the Philippines. The press gave accounts of a clandestine news conference on Nov. 8 at a village near Clark Air Base, in which a spokesman for the Central Luzon command of the New People's Army said that the U.S. patrols were an "affront" to Philippine sovereignty.

Military men, vets call for stopping INF treaty

An international ad hoc committee to oppose the U.S.-Soviet treaty on withdrawing intermediate-range nuclear missiles from Europe, constituted itself at the beginning of November, and is circulating a call to the governments and parliaments of all NATO countries. According to the committee's statement: "What is at stake is nothing less than the political freedom of Western civilization as a whole. We see the acute danger, that the ability of the West to defend itself is being irreversibly negotiated away for the sake of short-term political expediencies."

The declaration emphasizes the threat to Europe that such a disengagement of U.S. forces would represent. "The removal of the intermediate-range missiles in Western Europe, i.e., the Pershing 2 and 1A, would

eliminate the capability of NATO to strike deep into Soviet territory within 13 minutes, and thus would remove a powerful deterrent to Soviet aggression. The military effect of this would be disastrous. . . .

"Apart from the militarily irreversible effects, the political consequences of the proposed INF treaty are already shaking the foundations of the Western alliance. . . . If West Germany were Finlandized, the rest of Western Europe would soon follow. Moscow would have reached what Lenin defined 70 years ago as the stepping stone for the establishment of world hegemony. . . .

"All of this can be stopped. An economic emergency mobilization of the West and a crash program for the Strategic Defense Initiative and Tactical Defense Initiative could quickly demonstrate the superiority of Western culture and civilization."

The initiating committee for the new group includes: Brig.-Gen. Friedrich Wilhelm Grunewald (ret.), Federal Republic of Germany (F.R.G.);

Scherer (ret.), F.R.G.;

Schmidt (ret.), engineer, F.R.G.; A. Steiner, USAR (ret.), California, U.S.A.; Capt. Zachary T. Wakefield, USNR (ret.), Alabama, U.S.A.;

American Legion, Pennsylvania, U.S.A.

Germany's Kohl losing support of his party

West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl lost more than 100 votes at the Christian Democratic Union's convention in Bonn Nov. 10, when the 700 delegates were to vote for his reelection as party chairman. Eighty-two delegates voted against Kohl, 30 abstained, and 591 voted for him. This is the worst result ever since Kohl took over as the CDU chairman in 1973.

Kohl's declining popularity is believed to be a result of his failure to cope with the economic crisis, his capitulation to the "zerooption" nuclear missile treaty sell-out, and his political absence and failure to provide leadership during the scandals and terrorist

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outbreaks which have recently erupted.

Two of Helmut Kohl's main rivals, Hesse Gov. Walter Wallmann and Baden-Wuerttemberg Gov. Lothar Späth, gained votes and improved their power position inside the CDU. Wallmann got 535 votes, an increase of 136, and Späth 494, as compared to 428 two years ago. The two are contenders to replace Kohl as party chairman and chancellor, if Kohl is overthrown over one of the bigger scandals or the economic disaster.

Euthanasia doctor defends his 'experiments'

Dr. Julius Hackethal, the West German doctor who has murdered 13 patients under the guise of "mercy-killing," the darling of Europe's euthanasia lobby, is fighting to maintain his public image, according to an article in the Nov. 6 issue of the West German mass popular newspaper Bild-Zeitung.

Seven physicians who previously worked at Hackethal's "hospital" in Bavaria are quoted saying they are ashamed of their former work. They stated that Hackethal's patients had been kept from having the necessary operations and treatment, and that Hackethal conducted dangerous experiments on his patients.

Hackethal's reply: "Anyone who looks for new methods of treatment [sic!] has to conduct human experiments—even if these words sound terrible. What else did Prof. Barnard do when performing his first heart transplant?"

Svetlana: 'Beware the ghost of Stalin!'

Stalin's daughter Svetlana warns the West against Mikhail Gorbachov, in an interview with the Daily Mail of London published Nov.GB 12. Now Mrs. Svetlana Peters, she is moving back to Britain soon.

She says of Gorbachov:

"He will go only as far as he is allowed—he might wish to do more, but the party owns him completely.

"I think the tragedy which awaits Gorbachov is the same tragedy which the Czech leader Dubcek met.

"I know the Bolshevik Party. It is still the same party that was founded 70 years ago. It is still the same cruel, crude, and murderous party. . .

"They very ruthlessly got rid of Khrushchov as soon as Khrushchov tried a raise a hand to them—and they can very easily get rid of this man."

She expresses concern about Gorbachov's Nov. 2 attack on Stalin (which did not, however, go nearly as far as some in the West had anticipated):

"It will split the country again, because on this issue Russia is very, very divided. In battling the ghost of Stalin, he faces huge danger. He is leader of a world power. The fact that Russia is a world power is due to my father.

"Russian imperialism, influence, world status is all an inheritance from Stalin. I am not saying this as a thing to be admired, but as a fact. In bringing back the ghost of Stalin, Gorbachov undermines himself.

"Battling the ghost is a dangerous thing, and this is a powerful ghost. Once you wake it, there could be trouble. Stalin created too much of what is the modern state of Russia."

On her father, she tells the Mail: "As a human being, he was an Asian man. His psyche was closer to the Ayatollah than Lenin."

Bavarian police form anti-riot squad

The West German state of Bavaria announced on Nov. 6 the formation of a special anti-riot police squad, following riots in which terrorist guerrillas killed two policemen in Frankfurt on Nov. 3.

Bavarian Assistant State Minister of the Interior Peter Gauweiler announced that the new squad will have 400-500 policemen equipped with special anti-riot equipment which will enable them to fight the hardcore rioters. This includes bullet-proof vests, riot guns, and helicopters.

Briefly

- NIKOLAI BUKHARIN'S son accused Soviet General Secretary Gorbachov of walking in Stalin's footsteps, in an interview with the Italian daily La Stampa published Nov. 6. Yuri N. Larin said he was "disappointed and embittered" by Gorbachov's Nov. 2 speech. "I heard no change, no policy of rehabilitation for my father." There is "no renewal" going on in the U.S.S.R., he said, and those in the West who say there is, are engaging in "wishful thinking. They confuse the wish with reality."
- FRANZ JOSEF STRAUSS, the head of West Germany's Christian Social Union party, warned on Nov. 11 that the continuing collapse of the dollar is "nothing less than cata-strophic," moving into an "uncontrollable situation," and heading for a second phase of collapse.
- MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS in Mexico on Nov. 8 led to a resounding defeat of the ruling PRI party, partly because of unusually high rates of abstention, reflecting popular disgust with all the parties. In Mexico State, only 20% of the 3.5 million eligible voters turned out to vote. Violence erupted at several polling places.
- THE SPANISH government wants the United States to remove its air bases from Spain, according to West German and British press reports. This would affect several squadrons of F-16 jet fighters and 12,500 U.S. soldiers. Portugal has offered to station these forces on its territory, so as to keep them on the Iberian Peninsula.
- THE COLOMBIAN government wants to continue extraditing drug traffickers to the United States, said Justice Minister Enrique Low Murtra in an interview on Nov. 8. He said he is studying options for reviving the extradition treaty between the two countries, which was rejected by the Colombian Supreme Court earlier this year.