#### International Intelligence

## West Germany shifts its policy on AIDS

West German Health Minister Rita "Let Them Use Condoms" Süssmuth has been forced to cut the pro-condom propaganda out of her ministry's "anti-AIDS education spots," which are regularly shown before feature films in movie theaters. The shift is an indication of growing pressure from around the country, for a serious AIDS-prevention policy.

"We cut this part, because the failure rate of condoms is about 7%," the Federal Office for Health Education explained.

In the state of Bavaria, where anti-AIDS programs are the most advanced, Peter Gauweiler of the state interior ministry announced at a congress in Mannheim that existing measures should be complemented by mass screenings, obligatory registration with full address, and testing of all hospital patients. Bavaria has only begun its fight against AIDS, he said; it will not make the same mistakes as other "responsible persons in West Germany." Gauweiler insisted on the possibility of transmission routes other than sex and needles—e.g., the skin.

In Frankfurt, Mayor Wolfram Brück has announced that AIDS-infected prostitutes who refuse to stop plying their trade, will be put into quarantine. At least 12 such prostitutes—10 women and 2 men, all drug addicts—are known to health officials, and have refused help.

# Bolivia is transshipment point for guns to Peru

Former Bolivian Interior Minister Fernando Barthelemy charged that his country is being used as a bridge for weapons contraband into Peru, destined for the Shining Path terrorists, Reuter reported Nov. 22.

Barthelemy's charge came after the discovery of a sophisticated arms cache valued at \$1.5 million. The weapons arsenal contained 260 modern rifles of different cali-

bers, 16 pistols, rifles with infrared scopes, missile launchers, land mines, and other Chinese-made weapons. The shipment was found in the city of Santa Cruz.

Bolivia has long served as a base of operations for the drug traffickers and their cohorts from the Nazi International, like Klaus Barbie, who was extradited from Bolivia to stand trial in France in 1983. Under pressure from the International Monetary Fund, Bolivia's economy has come to rely on cocaine as its main cash crop.

## Warsaw Pact defense chiefs meet in Romania

The Warsaw Pact defense ministers' meeting in Bucharest, Romania ended on Nov. 26, after an unusually long three-day session. Soviet experts believe that the main item on the agenda was East bloc internal security, beginning with the crisis in Romania, where bloody riots have broken out against the Communist regime.

The meeting and the Nov. 23 bilateral talks between Soviet Defense Minister Dmitri Yazov and his Romanian counterpart Vasile Milea, were held in the absence of Romanian leader Nicolai Ceaucescu, who departed the same day for a state visit to Egypt. Such an absence itself during a meeting of this importance is unprecedented.

The meeting was called two days after the Nov. 15 riots in Brasov, where 100-500 civilians were killed by special units of the interior ministry and Army. A state of emergency was declared in Brasov, with Army troops and tanks patrolling the streets. The death toll was the highest in the East bloc since the 1956 Hungarian uprising.

The Warsaw Pact defense ministers issued a communiqué which announced their "unanimous support" for the INF treaty and the spectrum of Soviet "peace" initiatives.

As the ministers were meeting, a blocwide crackdown was imposed against any sort of opposition. In Poland, police broke up the first press conference of the "Polish Socialist Party," arresting its leader, and

sending the Western correspondents away, while a demonstration in Wroclaw was broken up and 16 arrested. On Nov. 25, in East Berlin, the security police moved to shut down a Green and peacenik operation of the East German Protestant Church which had long been tolerated. In Bulgaria, the leadership of the state-run television network was dumped, for having gone "too far" with glasnost (openness) in publicizing negative reports about the economy.

## Christian Dems blast deal with Hamburg terrorists

Leading members of West Germany's Christian Democratic parties are speaking out against the capitulation by the government of the city of Hamburg to demands of the "Green" terrorists and anarchists who have taken over the Hafenstrasse district and declared it off-limits to the authority of the State.

At a convention of the Christian Social Union (CSU), a Bavarian party that is part of the ruling coalition in Bonn, federal Interior Minister Friedrich Zimmermann on Nov. 20 called it "intolerable to allow blackdressed gangs of 2-3,000 persons to rule our streets." He predicted that, "provided with a State-guaranteed home-base," the Hafenstrasse anarchists would soon launch "new violence and murder." Zimmermann castigated the liberal Free Democrats, who refuse to back police demands for tougher antiterror action and better anti-riot equipment.

Addressing the convention the following day, CSU party chairman Franz Josef Strauss attacked the Hafenstrasse deal as "a threat to the stability of this society," as it involves "recognition of openly terroristic elements as contractual partners by the State."

In Hamburg itself, the Christian Democratic Union (CDU) caucus is furious about the deal, which Social Democratic Mayor Klaus von Dohnanyi agreed to following the intervention of West German President Richard von Weizsäcker, a Christian Dem-

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