International Intelligence

Kozyrev proposes security cooperation with Europe

At a meeting of the Western European Union parliamentary assembly on Dec. 1, Russia's Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev warned the West against a hasty eastward expansion of NATO, but did not rule out eventual membership for Moscow's former Warsaw Pact allies, according to Reuters. The WEU is a military consulting body within the European Union. While Russia wants to cooperate with the United States and NATO on security, "the fact remains that we, the Europeans, should take care of ourselves in the first place," he said.

He called for the establishment of Russia-WEU expert groups on a range of security problems and proposed joint naval exercises between the fleets of WEU nations and of Russia to improve cooperation in peacekeeping operations. Kozyrev also suggested cooperation in armaments production and possible Russian involvement in a Europe-wide satellite surveillance system and in WEU anti-missile defense efforts. Kozyrev even proposed "providing on a commercial basis the WEU Satellite Center with photo information from our satellites."

Anglo-French stance on Bosnia scored at home

Prominent British spokesmen have begun to come out against Her Majesty's government's sabotage of decisive action against the Serbian aggression in former Yugoslavia

On Nov. 29, five individuals signed a commentary in the *International Herald Tribune* entitled "On Bosnia, Washington Should Stop Deferring to London and Paris." The five co-authors are Prof. Adrian Hastings of Leeds University; Prof. Norman Stone of Oxford University; Modern History tutor Mark Almond of Oxford University; author-journalist Noel Malcolm; and author Branka Magas.

The authors ask: "Why have the British and French governments pushed so hard for a policy that will guarantee the destruction

and permanent division of Bosnia?"

They add: "It is time that the U.S. government ceased to allow either its own policy or that of the United Nations to be hijacked by London and Paris, and made to serve a strategy wholly inconsistent with the ideals of democracy and pluralism on which the United States itself was built."

The five academics were joined on Dec. 1 by former British Defense Secretary Sir John Nott, who wrote in the London *Times* that the British government's policy is of "such incompetence and arrogance that it is akin to the appeasement of the Nazis. . . . Only the United States has the military strength and moral conscience to solve the Bosnian question."

Nott directly blamed his government for sustaining Serb aggression and genocide, although he claimed that this effect is "unwitting."

Corriere exposes plot behind Herrhausen murder

In a lengthy article in the Nov. 28 Corriere della Sera, journalist Massimo Nava reconstructs the conspiracy that killed Deutsche Bank chairman Alfred Herrhausen in November 1989. The article draws on material previously published by EIR.

Herrhausen, Nava writes, "is a global player who provokes a turmoil when, at the [International] Monetary Fund meeting, he fights for reducing Third World debt. He is the man who awakens 'Kennedyian' expectations when, a few days before his death, he gives the Wall Street Journal his [vision of] economic Ostpolitik, the vision of Germany and the Deutsche Bank 'bridges' between East and West, motors of the industrial reconversion and of the new democratic development. For the banker, East must not be a land of conquest. Who is afraid of such a man?

"... Out of Thatcher's memoirs the British worries emerge over too hasty a reunification [of Germany]. There is irritation in international financial circles.... Above all in the East, enemies of détente are growing.

"The conspiracy theory has no proof,

but it is not without suggestions, as in all major crimes that seem to be conceived by invisible powers. . . . It was recently relaunched by Col. Fletcher Prouty, the 'Mr. X' played by Donald Sutherland in Stone's film 'JFK.' . . . He told L'Unità: 'In New York, Herrhausen was supposed to read a speech which would have changed the world. He spoke of a great united Europe without interference from the World Bank. He had an integration project between eastern and western Europe. An operation that would have changed international relationships.' Fantasies?"

Uruguayan elections put Dialogue member in power

The Nov. 27 elections in Uruguay were extremely close, but former President Julio Sanguinetti of the Colorado Party won by a few percentage points over the São Paulo Forum-affiliated Broad Front and the Blanco Party. The significance of Sanguinetti's victory is that he is now the third member of Wall Street's Inter-American Dialogue to take over an Ibero-American presidency, the first being Bolivia's Gonzalo Sánchez de Lozada, and the second, Fernando Enrique Cardoso of Brazil. A top Mason in the country reputed to be South America's masonic center, Sanguinetti is also openly anti-Christian and tied into international socialdemocratic circles.

Media sources are attributing his win to disaffection with the neo-liberal reforms of President Alberto Lacalle; but anything that Sanguinetti has to offer by way of economic policy can hardly be an improvement. He told the Buenos Aires daily *Clarin* that rumors he intends to follow a protectionist policy are totally false.

Because the election was close, Sanguinetti will probably have to rule in a coalition government. There are estimates that the Broad Front (which includes both the Communist Party and the terrorist Tupamaros) may come in second, ahead of the Blanco Party. In the capital of Montevideo, where 40% of the population resides and the left is very strong, the Broad Front candidate for mayor, Mariano Arana, won handily.

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Daily highlights LaRouche Ibero-American influence

Over Dec. 5-6, the Miami Herald published a special bilingual supplement for distribution to all attendees at the Americas heads of state summit conference being held in Miami Dec. 9-11, which bemoans the fact that EIR's book on the plot to dismantle the militaries of Ibero-America has gained great influence among military layers in those countries. The article on military issues breaks a decades-old policy by U.S. media not to cover the effect that EIR Founding Editor Lyndon LaRouche's ideas have had internationally.

The article, filed from San Salvador, began: "A lot of Latin American military men are feeling anxious, and a hot-selling book helps explain why. From Guatemala to Brazil, officers are scrambling to read *The Plot*, a book suggesting that the Pentagon is engaged in a scheme to scale back, or even abolish, Latin America's armed forces so Washington can rule the hemisphere. In El Salvador, they can hardly keep it in stock. 'Go ask at the army cooperative. They've sold more than 500 copies,' said political scientist Leonel Gómez. 'This is probably the most read book in the Salvadoran army.'

"U.S. officials flatly dismiss the premise of *The Plot*, published by U.S. political extremist and perennial presidential candidate Lyndon LaRouche. But they acknowledge it has tapped into a deep identity crisis afflicting the armed forces in Latin America."

Northern Ireland conference will include Sinn Fein

Thanks to pressure from the Clinton administration, the British government will permit the Sinn Fein, the civilian arm of the Irish Republican Army, to participate in the upcoming Northern Ireland Development conference, set for Dec. 13 and 14. According to coverage in the Dec. 2 British press, the government of Prime Minister John Major did an about-face on both the question of inviting Sinn Fein to the conference, and

carrying out direct negotiations.

According to the Guardian newspaper, "the British embassy in Washington had warned Downing Street that American and Irish companies might boycott the conference unless Sinn Fein was allowed to attend."

Sinn Fein President Gerry Adams had responded to the British government's Nov. 30 decision to exclude his organization, by announcing that he was accepting an invitation to the United States, where it was expected that he would lobby for inclusion. Three days later, the Major government changed its mind.

Internecine warfare wracks Russian elite

A series of major personnel changes in Moscow over Dec. 1-4 signal the onset of a new political crisis and power struggle. The first changes revolved around the Dec. 2 raid on the premises of Mostbank, the largest and most important of the private banks in Russia, which is closely linked to Moscow Mayor Yuri Luzhkov, a rival of President Boris Yeltsin. The raid was conducted by armed units of General Korzhakov, the very powerful, evil and corrupt shadow figure who heads the massive presidential security apparatus. The reason given for the raid was that it was a continuation of the investigation into the October "Black Tuesday" ruble collapse, and the bank's ties with corrupt government structures.

The chief of the Russian Federal Counter-Intelligence Service for Moscow and the Moscow region, Yevgeni Sevastyanov, tried to stop the raid, and failed. The next day, Yeltsin fired him, marking the most important internal security purge since the July 1993 firing of Security Minister Barannikov, which was the prelude to the October 1993 attack on the Russian Parliament.

Finally, as reported in *Nezavisimaya Gazeta* on Dec. 6, Gen. Boris Gromov has been retained as a deputy defense minister, however, without portfolio. *Nezavisimaya Gazeta* asserted that Mostbank and Luzhkov were supporting Gromov to replace Defense Minister Gen. Pavel Grachov.

Briefly

- TAIWAN'S Nationalist (KMT) party candidate James Soong won election to become the island's next governor, on Dec. 3. However, the KMT lost the mayor's race for Taipei to the Democratic Progressive Party which openly advocates independence rather than reunification of the Republic of China with the Mainland.
- ◆ ALGERIANS across the political spectrum marched 10,000 strong in Paris to demand an end to violence in their country and the easing of French regulations allowing Algerians to seek political asylum. Marches were also held in Lyon, Marseille, and Montpellier, and demonstrators included the Islamic Salvation Front, the FFS, and even radical anti-Islamists. It was the first expression of unified Algerian opposition to the civil war, and came shortly after the Rome meeting of Algeria's opposition parties.
- MEXICAN Cardinal Juan Sandoval Iníguez told the Italian Catholic journal 30 Giorni that his predecessor "Cardinal Juan Jesús Posadas Ocampo was not accidentally or mistakenly killed. It was he they wanted to kill." Posadas, the late archbishop of Guadalajara, was gunned down in May 1993. The Salinas government declared that his murder was a case of mistaken identity in a shoot-out between rival drug gangs.
- BOSNIA'S Foreign Minister Haris Silajdzic angrily suggested on Dec. 5 that "the mandate of Unprofor seems to be to prop up the morale of the [Serb] fascists—so I propose that if an international peace conference actually is held, it should be held in Munich," referring to Britain's 1938 sellout of Czechoslovakia to Hitler.
- QUEEN ELIZABETH II has "the charisma and presentational skills of a tailor's dummy," wrote Stephen Tindale in the current edition of the Fabian Review. "If Elizabeth Windsor herself can be shown to be ill-suited to rule, Britain's constitutional crisis could be on us sooner than we expect."