## **Conference Resolutions**

The following two resolutions were unanimously adopted by the approximately 350 assembled members and guests of the Schiller Institute at the historic Kiedrich conference of Sept. 15-16, 2007. The participants represented 40 nations.

## Resolution Against Military Action Against Iran

The participants of the Schiller Institute conference in Kiedrich unanimously condemn any plans to launch any military attack on the Republic of Iran. Such an attack would have devastating effects on international peace and throw civilization into a dark age.

It would have much, much worse effects than the war against Iraq, which already is the worst strategic catastrophe in the history of the United States.

We point to the statements of the head of the IAEA, Dr. Mohammed ElBaradei, who recently warned, that the media campaign against Iran has dramatically reminded him of the lies leading to the Iraq War.

Dr. ElBaradei also reported that in the recent negotiations with the Iranian government, a breakthrough was made, many important questions have been settled, and a framework has been agreed upon to settle all remaining questions by November of this year.

In the 21st Century, war is outdated, and can no longer be a means to settle disputes, which can be settled through economic cooperation, according to the idea of a community of principle based on the principle of the Peace of Westphalia, in the interest of the other.

## The Kiedrich Resolution

The central feature of the conference of the Schiller Institute in Kiedrich of mid-September focussed on the need to implement a just New World Economic Order in the near future. Given the advanced state of disintegration of the world financial system, it is urgent that the governments and the parliaments of the nations of this world put the question of the reconstruction of the physical economy on the agenda.

The conference on the building of a transport corridor between Siberia and Alaska through the Bering Strait, in April of this year in Moscow, highlighted one crucial project in what must become a global system of transport and development corridors, uniting the sovereign nation-states of this planet in a peaceful way. The new world economic order must focus on reconstructing the physical economy in order to provide the physical and economic means for all human beings alive today, and to overcome poverty in the shortest possible time.

The Eurasian Land-Bridge as the cornerstone for this New World Economic Order is a development perspective for the 21st Century, and will end the period of barbarism, in which conflicts among peoples were carried out through war. The worldwide land-bridge therefore will establish a method of war avoidance through peaceful economic cooperation for the coming aims of mankind.

We, the participants of the conference, call on the governments of the world to adopt this program at the upcoming General Assembly of the United Nations.