The Compromise(d) Candidate

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This article is reprinted from an August 2008 LaRouche PAC pamphlet titled, "Covered in Gore."

Al Gore's July 17, 2008 speech in Washington, D.C., calling for U.S. energy to become 100% renewable within ten years, is a clear statement of the fascist political option in the current U.S. Presidential elections. The British are now positioning the former President of Vice Al Gore to become the next President of the United States, as a compromise candidate, with the knowledge that there is now a huge, but orchestrated split within the Democratic Party.

The danger in this situation lies in the fact that, since 1968, the people of our nation have become more and more susceptible to fascist ideas, fascist ideology, and fascist personalities such as Al Gore. In fact today, Gore is actually the champion of a British created fascist movement in the United States, known as the

Baby Boomers. Lyndon LaRouche explains:

The Baby Boomers are not a generation; they are a fraction of a biological generation, chiefly from among those born during the immediate post-war interval 1945-1958, who, like their representative, and former Vice-President Al



World Economic Forum

After his post-2000 election debacle, Al Gore reinvented himself as the top mouthpiece for the Global Warming fraud; now, he hopes to become the fallback option, should the Democrats not nominate either of the two leading candidates. He is shown here addressing the Davos World Economic Forum in January 2008.

Gore, express their breeding in neo-Malthusian forms of hostility to physical scientific progress in industry, agriculture, basic economic infrastructure, and Classical artistic culture generally. In the extreme, they were the "turn on, tune in, drop out" generation. They did not become this "naturally," "spontaneously." were the products of a design, often recognized as "existentialism," based on such included elements as "information theory" and fads akin in spirit to those of the "Lost Generation" of post-World War I, 1920s and 1930s Europe.

From Spring 1968 onward, what was emerging as the clearly defined majority of the so-called "New Left," in both the U.S.A. and elsewhere, was essentially the rise of a fascist movement, as close examination of the second 1968 Columbia University stu-

dent strike should have warned any close observer who was thinking seriously.

On August 15-16, 1971, President Richard M. Nixon acted as I had repeatedly warned as a likely development for about that time. He repudiated the Bretton Woods fixed-exchange-rate monetary system, which had been launched under the ini-

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tiative of President Franklin Roosevelt, an action by President Roosevelt which had saved the world, for the time being, in 1944-1945.

Over the course of the 1970s, this proto-fascist current of the so-called "New Left," played an increasing role in shaping political change in Washington, D.C. They were the "anti-blue-collar" support for the breakup of the Bretton Woods (e.g., pro-industrial) system, and for the campaigns conducted by the Trilateral Commission, and for the "cultural-paradigm down-shift" in general.

As I warned orally, and in a widely circulated, featured pamphlet, published on August 31, 1971, this action by President Nixon opened the door for steps toward bringing a fascist world order down the road, unless the change in policy were reversed.

Today, their most notable figure is the Prince of Wales' accomplice, former Vice-President Al Gore of "Global Warming" hoax notoriety. Without the specific kind of intellectual "degeneration" fostered in the ranks of the special social-class of the 1945-1958 "Baby Boomers" such as Al Gore, the presently onrushing threat of a fascist regime in the U.S.A. today would not have been possible.

—Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr. "The 68ers Reviewed: Under Their Skins" (www.larouchepac.com)

Gore, as the leader of that movement, has done everything in his power, in and out of government, to make the aims of that generation and its creators, the order of global affairs.

Gore and the Futurist Freaks

In the early days of Gore's political career, he adopted the New Age philosophy of weirdo Alvin Toffler. Toffler's futurist philosophy, a direct evolution from the ideas of the British Fabian Society's H.G. Wells, was integrated into the U.S. government, beginning in the 1970s, around the build-up of information-gathering organizations to read "trends," so that lawmakers could deduce the future impact of today's policy decisions.

H.G. Wells was the face of post-1890s British imperialism. His policy method was to forecast "crises" in the future, based on the rate that technological advances were occurring in society, along with other developments caused by man's creative activity. He called for

an intellectual elite to set up institutions outside of government, to "manage" those crises. These technological developments were only crises in the sense that they represented a threat to the empire—as real human creativity naturally does—so that management of such crises consisted of wiping out those developments that threatened the existence of the empire, through orchestrating world wars, denying technological progress to the vast majority of the population, with a similar policy of mass genocide toward those peoples.¹

By 1974, even before Gore entered the U.S. House of Representatives, an amendment to the House Rules demanded that no legislation introduced in Congress could be put forward unless it were accompanied by the data gathered through a futures study, which described how any given policy would impact the future. The argument for this change was later adopted by Gore in his program to "Reinvent Government." The "reformers" claimed that legislators were elected to make legislation, and didn't have the time or resources to look into the future effects of today's policies. So lawmakers were offered a computerized data management system which presumed (a priori) certain crisis trends, and then factored in how proposed policies, particularly "overpopulation" or the "depletion of natural resources," would contribute to, or detract from, the progress of crises.

In 1975, the Tofflers organized a conference, "at the request of Congressional Democrats," on futurism, and "anticipatory democracy," which was attended Newt Gingrich, who would later become the Speaker of the House. The conference led to the creation of the Congressional Clearinghouse on the Future, which was launched as a new wave in integrating Toffler's kooky futurism into the government. As soon as Al Gore was elected to Congress, in 1976, he became cochairman of the Congressional futurist cult, to encourage Congress to take "a peek into its crystal balls." Later, when Gingrich entered Congress, in 1979. he sat on the executive committee of the Clearinghouse, which devoted itself to "futures research and forecasting," and pushed legislation to mandate Congressional and Executive reports which predicted doom unless the science-driven industrial base of the national economy were collapsed. These dismal, anti-scientific fore-

^{1.} See H.G. Wells, Anticipations: Of the Reaction of Mechanical and Scientific Progress upon Human life and Thought (1906), and The Open Conspiracy (1931).

casts encouraged the spread of environmentalism (post-industrial society) and "zero population growth" policies, through restricting the use and development of cutting-edge technology, particularly nuclear power. In his 1972 psychedelic documentary film, "Future Shock," based on his novel of the same title, Toffler echoes Wells, saying:

I think we must begin to say no to certain kinds of technology and begin to control technological change, because we have now reached a point where the technology is so powerful, and is so rapid, that it could destroy us unless we control it. But what is most important is that we simply do not accept everything; that we begin to make critical decisions about what type of world we want and what technology we want.

This policy was followed by a cascade of pro-Malthusian policy papers, such as NSSM-200, and the Global 2000 report, clamoring that limited resources and the growth of the world's population, particularly in developing countries, presented a threat to U.S. national security and economic growth. Typical of the function of these reports was the Global Resources, Environment, and Population Act of 1983, which encouraged "population stabilization" and was vigorously opposed by LULAC (League of United Latin American Citizens) for its targeting of U.S. minorities for depopulation:

The major purposes of this proposed legislation are to: 1. establish in the Federal Government a global foresight capability with respect to natural resources, the environment, and population; 2. establish a national population policy; and 3. establish an interagency council on global resources, environment, and population.

Later, in his capacity as a U.S. Senator, Gore introduced the Critical Trends Assessment Act into the Senate in 1985, calling for the implementation of a fascist advisory committee which the President of the United States would have to defer to on futures planning. Gore's own commentary on this was published in the March 1, 1990 issue of *The Futurist* magazine:

In 1985, I introduced a bill in the U.S. Senate that would get the federal government to do

something it rarely does in depth—consider the future. The idea behind that bill—the Critical Trends Assessment Act—was to gather the vast array of complex information about trends in our society and throughout the world economy and environment and put it to work in public policy decision making. This Act would have required the executive branch to provide a report on "critical trends and alternative futures" covering the next twenty years. It must describe the relationships of such trends to economic, technological, political, environmental, demographic, and social causes and consequences. The role of the office was to infiltrate the office of the president and manipulate the perception of how policy affects the future.

Fortunately, all of Gore's insane Clearing House legislation was shot down by Congress, and Gore would have to take his obsession with rabid population reduction, and deindustrialization somewhere else. Unfortunately, he took it to the White House.

Al Gore: President of Vice

In 1992, before Gore became Vice President, Democratic National Committee (DNC) staffer Jonathan Sallet was assigned by the Clinton-Gore campaign to write an opposition memo to Al Gore's environmentalist manifesto, *Earth in the Balance* (1992), as a warning to people like Bill Clinton himself. Much of it was published in the pages of the Aug. 13, 1992 *Wall Street Journal*:

Al is not qualified to be Vice President....

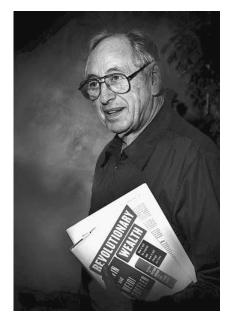
He has no principles. He admits he has voted for programs in which he does not believe....

He's apparently guilt-ridden about the role of men in society and, perhaps, as a result of his own weakness, believes America as a whole is psychologically dysfunctional....

He's a bad scientist who doesn't care enough to get his facts straight. The fact is we can't be certain that global warming or the level of CO_2 or even the changes in the ozone layer pose a threat as burdensome as the cost of Al Gore's proposals. Al is a radical environmentalist who wants to change the very fabric of America.

He criticized America for being America—a place where people enjoy the benefits of an ad-





Library of Congress

Early on, Gore adopted the New Age philosophy of weirdo Alvin Toffler (right). Toffler's futurist philosophy was a direct evolution from the ideas of the British Fabian Society's H.G. Wells, which became the core philosphy of Gore-Gingrich Congressional Clearinghouse for the Future.

vanced standard of living. He has no sense of proportion: He equates the failure to recycle aluminum cans with the Holocaust—an equation that parodies the former and dishonors the latter.

He is a Luddite who holds the naïve view that technology is evil and wants to abolish automobiles....

If Al Gore has his way, we would give up America's jobs and destroy the economy.

That's exactly what Gore set out to do. Gore's mission in this period was to use the occasion of various scandals launched against Clinton to act as a de facto President to implement his British masters' imperial policy. In 1993, the National Partnership for Reinventing Government was set up by the Vice President in the Clinton Administration.² Gore's premise for this was the claim that, "nations have realized that they cannot make the most of the Information Age with the creaking governmental machinery of the Industrial Age." Since we are now in an information or free-market economy, "governments must be lean, nimble, and cre-

ative, or they will surely be left behind." Gore was essentially calling for the abolition of the nation-state, in favor of a fascist society controlled by those who create, and regulate "information." Nations were seen as mere instruments to enforce the rule of oligarchy, not as institutions fundamentally committed to the General Welfare of their respective populations. Therefore, Gore's foreign policy was diametrically opposed to the "good neighbor"style policy of Bill Clinton. This conflict played through the entirety of the Clinton Administration.

Later, in 1994, he collaborated with his longtime futurist colleague, American Revolution revisionist and self-pro-

claimed Jacobin, Newt Gingrich. When Gingrich became the Speaker of the House, he unveiled his "Contract With America" as the spearpoint to his so-called Conservative Revolution in Congress. President Clinton, who sought to be loyal to the traditional Democratic base, was under enormous pressure due to the shift to Republican control in both Houses of Congress, but it took "inside man" Gore to get him to go along.

Gore utilized the 1994 election campaign to get Clinton to approve Gore's "reinventing government" scheme—essentially a plan to slash the wages and workforce of the Federal government. The program ultimately eliminated at least 351,000 Federal jobs. The follow-up came through Gore's collaboration with former Presidential advisor (now, neocon commentator) Dick Morris. As documented by Morris in a 1997 book, *Behind the Oval Office: Getting Reelected Against All Odds*, Gore and Morris literally conspired to manipulate, and batter, President Clinton in strategy meetings in the Spring of 1995, so that Clinton would agree to sign the "welfare-to-workfare" bill that was at the center of then House Speaker Newt Gingrich's Contract with America.

Following the near disintegration of the world financial system on the heels of the LTCM hedge fund crisis in 1998, the Asian market crisis, and the Russian

^{2.} See Alli Perebikovsky, "Al Gore Doesn't Like Your Government," in the LaRouche PAC pamphlet, "Covered in Gore," August 2008.

GKO bond collapse, President Clinton echoed the call of Lyndon LaRouche to introduce a "new global financial architecture." In the midst of his close dealings with the economically devastated nations in Eurasia, and Russia especially, Clinton was hit hard, but not unexpectedly, from within his own administration.

Even before that, the Clinton Administration was already engulfed in the Whitewater scandal. This and similar operations proved to be very convenient for Gore, as they jammed up the President's ability to shape policy, leaving Gore to manipulate things behind the scenes. For example, Gore had been given strong power in Russian policy-making decisions as part of a bilateral structure called the "Gore-Chernomyrdin Commission." During this period Gore was personally committed to Viktor Chernomyrdin, who was the former head of Gazprom, and who was later fired as prime minister by President Boris Yeltsin for his plotting-with Gore-to overthrow Yeltsin and take the premiership. Chernomyrdin was allegedly guilty of corruption, according to the CIA and other sources, for his involvement in the looting of the former Soviet Union, through diamond smuggling in the black market, set up by a San Francisco-based company called Golden ADA. When Reader's Digest wrote, in 1998, that the Golden ADA scandal could become "Russia's Watergate," it suggested that Gore could have been influential in the decision to shut down the Davidson-Zhirov probe into that case.

That same year, Russia decided to place a 90-day freeze on some of its foreign debt obligations and suspend other payments. This exploded into a full-fledged crisis globally. Yeltsin immediately fired his Prime Minister Sergei Kiriyenko before he could enact emergency measures. Behind the back of the President, Gore made a series of phone calls to Chernomyrdin for the purpose of creating a scheme by which Yeltsin would nominate Chernomyrdin as prime minister. President Clinton was furious that he was not informed of this. Chernomyrdin was Gore's choice because he vowed to bail out the financial system. This was opposite the Clinton policy of collaboration on economic development without IMF conditionalities. It was during this period that Clinton echoed LaRouche, calling for a new economic architecture.

Gore also weighed in on the exploded financial economy that had been racked by the 1998 LTCM crisis. Gore and his representatives had a breakfast consultation with major financial players that had been



White House website

Keep your friends close, and your enemies closer: Vice President Al Gore and fellow futurist kook, Speaker of the House Newt Gingrich plotted to destroy the Presidency of Bill Clinton.

smashed when the Russians defaulted. The head of D.E. Shaw hedge fund attended, which fund was nearly wiped out, and by none other than George Soros. Shaw had been the biggest donor to Gore's political action committee during his Presidential run in 2000, and made substantial contributions before that, so the Vice President had a very large financial stake in the survival of Shaw's fund. Some of us may call it bribery.

In 1998, President Clinton came under immense pressure to launch an aerial bombardment of Iraq. He was filtered information through Gore's Principals Committee, a Presidential advisory group on foreign policy, that is a replica of what he couldn't get pushed through earlier in the Critical Trends Assessment Act. The Committee claimed that Saddam Hussein was not complying with UN weapons inspectors and was likely building weapons of mass destruction. This push for an Iraq war is not surprising, considering Gore's comments in his 1992 book, *Earth in the Balance:*

"It is a tragedy that the people of Iraq will have to suffer ... economic stagnation," but they have to get the "message" that Saddam Hussein is the "cause of their misery." Gore continued: In general, the world does not need the contributions of Iraqi space science or of Iraqi work in nuclear physics—practical or applied. The U.S. should work to completely block future Iraqi activity of any kind in these areas. There is no way to think about certain branches of science and engineering in Iraq except as tap roots for programs aimed at programs of mass destruction.

Under the threat of an explosion of productive, cutting-edge technological breakthroughs (which would, inevitably, raise the standard of living of the population, and its total numbers), Gore orchestrated the 1998 Operation Desert Fox. This was intended to jam up collaboration with larger nations like Russia and China, and isolate the U.S., to ensure that the Roosevelt-style "new global financial architecture" were not put in place.

The President did what he could to avoid war. He sought cooperation with Russia's new Prime Minister Yevgeny Primakov and UN Secretary General Kofi Annan, which held the whispering Iagos at the Principals Committee at bay, and managed to secure an agreement with Saddam Hussein to allow the UN Special Commission (UNSCOM) weapons inspections to resume. However, as soon as Clinton flew off to Tokyo for a diplomatic event, British Fabian Prime Minister Tony Blair sent his Defense Minister George Robertson to Washington to meet with the Principals Committee, in order to get the Iraq bombings started as fast as possible.

In December of 1998, Clinton left for the Middle East for peace talks with Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu. Again, behind Clinton's back, Gore, his foreign policy advisor Leon Fuerth, and others in the Principals Committee, put massive pressure on the President to resume the bombing raids on Iraq. The chairman of UNSCOM issued a false report on the status of the inspections, saying that Iraq had violated the inspections agreement. Gore took this phony report and told the President, who was in Israel, that the Principals Committee had reached a "unanimous agreement" to bomb Iraq. A few days later it happened.

Gore's New Mission

Following his attempted Wellsian overthrow of the Clinton Administration, and his defeat by George W. Bush in the 2000 elections, Gore seemed to disappear into political obscurity. When he resurfaced in 2006

with "An Inconvenient Truth," he returned twice as big, and even more committed to his genocidal depopulation policies. During those intervening years Gore was doing what any good and obedient British agent would do: prepare for the next deployment.

Gore's current assignment, as presented in the LPAC feature video "1932," is to position himself as a "compromise" or "unity" candidate for the U.S. Presidency—a compromise between the two leading Democratic candidates, providing that there will be a fight at the August 2008 Democratic Convention. The political environment is definitely ripe for such a fight, and if the Gore option is not completely destroyed, you might as well consider the United States as just another landmass in a utopian British empire very soon. Ironically, that empire itself will not survive under those conditions: It will destroy itself and civilization, reducing the population from the current level of 6.5 billion to about 2 billion. This would be no accident of "economic" trends. This is precisely what Gore called for in his Earth in the Balance. This is what a Gore Presidency would look like, and this is what must be prevented today.

In 2001, Gore did not fall off the face of the Earth as much as he fell deeper into Wells' and Toffler's "information society." Gore's commitment to the Information Age remained firm, and he put full emphasis on indulging and expanding the Information Age non-productive, get-rich-quick ventures. This included advising Internet companies and holding large shares of stock in them, starting an "independent" cable TV company, and even starting up a few hedge funds. Gore made a killing on all of these ventures, and has now become a multi-millionaire.

He became an advisor to Google, and bought a large number of shares, originally estimated at \$85/share, which, in a matter of a few years, rose to \$400/share. By 2007, his shares were worth \$30 million. Also, when he became a director of Apple, Inc., in 2003, he received about 60,000 stock options originally valued at \$7.48/share; in 2007 they were valued at \$124/share, worth \$6 million.³

In 2005, Gore poured a ton of money into the promotion of YouTube-like movies, getting airtime on his TV network, Current TV. Around this period, young

^{3.} Ellen McGirt, "Al Gore's \$100 Million Makeover," *FastCompany* magazine, July 2007 (www.fastcompany.com/magazine/117/featuresgore.html).

adults, aged 18-25, became more susceptible to flights from reality at the prompting of an increasingly insane Bush Administration and a collapsing world economy. The reelection of George Bush had a devastating effect, and many demoralized youth felt that cyberspace was a place to put their tattered souls to rest (quite literally!); but Al Gore saw it as a business venture.

Current TV allows viewers to post videos of random and often pointless news items on any topic, ranging from the war in Iraq, to hyper-color T-shirts, to edible antifreeze. Users can vote up the videos that the online community thinks are the best, and the chosen one will end up on the air, even if it is the one about Britney Spears doing squats at the gym. News reports are trivialized and diluted in the saucy "hipness" of Baby-Boomer existentialism, and presented as mindless entertainment. Current TV is geared toward the 18-25 year-old generation, and is shown in 51 million households in the U.S., U.K., and Ireland. Gore reportedly received \$1 million in salary and bonuses last year, and owned 3.7 million shares of company stock, and as of 2007, was raking in \$63.7 million annual revenue. Current TV is currently filing for a \$100 million initial public offering (IPO) to up the ante.

The year following the creation of Current TV, when Gore released his "Inconvenient Truth," not many people knew that he had been a big player in the financial world, especially in hedge funds and venture capital, five years before, in 2001. That year, Gore became vice chairman of the Metropolitan West Management hedge fund, whose chairman was junk-bond swindler Michael Milken, who had been jailed for insider trading. The fund's strategy was typical of the post-LTCM financial frenzy. This particular fund specialized in securitizing debt, and then lending it to other funds that would then hedge against it. This debt could be anything from securitized mortgage contracts (mortgage backed-securities) to pension funds. So when a firm like Met West lends "securities," it's like giving a child an empty box for Christmas—only the child is ecstatic, because he actually believes there's something there. But it's worse!

So, in this market there are endless claims being made on debt that no one can actually honor. If everyone who had "claims" on this debt actually called them in, the whole banking system would blow at that point, for people would scramble to take their money out of the banks as they realized that the money didn't actually exist, only the debt. It was precisely this kind of

insanity that fueled the recent so-called "subprime" crisis, and the current hyperinflationary blowout. Gore was a key player in all this.

Also, ventures such as David Blood & Gore's British London-based offshore hedge fund, General Investment Management, established by them in 2004, are the same thing, but more made to appear attractive, in our currently programmed eco-friendly society. They claim to curb the effects of climate change on society by investing in companies that reflect "sustainable" markets, and selling carbon offsets.4 Among the list of companies are Whole Foods, General Electric, and Staples. But the real scheme is to force nations and their economies to accept to the inevitability of the non-existent climate crisis. Agreements like the Kyoto Protocol and others called for a cap on CO₂ emissions to bring those levels back to where they were in the 1990s, over the period of 2008-15, a purported 5% drop.

Gore's hedge fund specializes in the market that trades carbon credits on the basis that underdeveloped nations merely "sustain" current levels of technology (which is little to none), and not develop into modern industrial economies, to, nominally, prevent man-made climate change. Developed nations can buy a "right to emit" certificate from an underdeveloped country, called a carbon credit, that allows developed countries to freely "pollute," as long as they pay poor countries not to. On top of that, who knows what kind of financial speculation occurs in this kind of market!

More recent developments include Gore's occupation as an official advisor to the British Crown on climate change, and he has discredited many prized institutions by being honored with awards from them. From 2000-08, Gore carried out more of his Wellsian fantasies outside of government than were allowed when he was inside. Thus, the social groundwork has already been laid for Gore's current mission.

Today, the fascist people's candidate is preparing to reenter our vastly demoralized government as a Nietzschean version of Captain Planet, who has supposedly "recovered" from the corruption of politics, and is committed to bring "unity" to the party he helped to destroy.

Never compromise with the Devil; he may become your next President.

^{4.} See Stephanie Nelson, "Al Gore: Too Big for His British Genes," LaRouche PAC pamphlet, "Covered in Gore."