

"The Criminalization of Peace": American Grandmother Jailed for Peacefully Protesting the US Drone War

By Carey Wedler

Global Research, January 21, 2016

Activist Post 20 January 2016

Theme: Law and Justice, Police State &

<u>Civil Rights</u>

Region: **USA**

In-depth Report: **CRIMINALIZE WAR**

Featured image: source

On Tuesday, a New York grandmother <u>returned to jail</u> on previous charges filed against her for protesting U.S. drone warfare in 2013. Mary Anne Grady Flores, 58, was photographing other activists as they peacefully protested armed drones at the Syracuse Hancock Air Base in February 2013.

Judges in the town of DeWitt, where the base is located, had issued "orders of protection" to activists in order to keep them away from the base. Under these orders, often <u>issued by courts to protect victims of domestic violence</u>, Col. Earl A. Evans, a commander at the base, was construed as a "victim" of the protests.

In spite of these orders, Grady Flores and her fellow anti-war protesters continued to assemble to voice opposition to the drone program. Grady Flores is a member of <u>The Upstate Coalition to Ground the Drones and End the Wars</u>, a group that has protested drone warfare since 2011.

Though orders of protection were issued to multiple demonstrators prior to the February protest, Grady Flores was the first to be prosecuted for violating one. The other eight activists arrested that day for protesting were acquitted of their charges. Grady Flores, however, was prosecuted for unknowingly moving "beyond what she believed was the base's boundary" while photographing her fellow activists. "She was later told the base's property extended into the road," Amy Goodman of *Democracy Now!* reported at the time. Grady Flores was charged with second-degree criminal contempt for violating the order of protection.

"This has got to stop," Judge David Gideon <u>said</u> of the activists' ongoing protests before sentencing Grady Flores in July of 2014.

Grady Flores had also refused to pay previous fees and fines imposed by the court. "I find this to be serious because of the continued violations of the orders of this court," Judge Gideon <u>said</u>.

The courtroom was filled with <u>about 100 protesters</u> who came to support Grady Flores. They "walked six miles from the drone base to the courtroom carrying a coffin bearing the words, 'First Amendment,'" *Democracy Now!* reported.

Though prosecutors in the case <u>did not seek jail time</u> due to Grady Flores' responsibilities caring for her elderly mother, Judge Gideon forced the punishment, perhaps to make an example of her. He sentenced her to one year in jail — the maximum sentence. She was also fined \$1,000.

"Mary Anne's sentence is big news," <u>said</u> Brian Terrell, an anti-drone organizer with <u>Voices</u> <u>for Creative Nonviolence</u>, following her conviction. "The drone program is so blatantly illegal that the authorities have to go to absurd lengths to justify and protect it. They need to redefine words like 'imminent threat' and 'due process' to cover up the criminality. Here, they have to redefine the meaning of an Order of Protection."

After she was sentenced, Grady Flores <u>asked</u> the judge:

"... who is the real victim here: the commander of a military base whose drones kill innocent people halfway around the world, or those innocent people themselves who are the real ones in need of protection from the terror of US drone attacks?"

She vowed to appeal, and was released from jail shortly after on a "stay of sentence" after her supporters raised \$5,000 to bail her out. That same month, between seven and eight protesters — one of whom was Grady Flores' younger sister, Clare — were arrested for again protesting at the Hancock base. They demanded the 174th Attack Wing of the Air National Guard, located there, "stay away from the Children of the World and their families, including their homes, schools, places of play and work." The demonstrators delivered a "People's War Crimes Indictment," posting it to a fence after employees on the base refused to take it. In September of 2015, five more protesters — all over the age of 55 — were arrested for trespassing while protesting drones at the Hancock base.

Last Tuesday, Grady Flores learned by mail that she was ordered back to jail for her 2013 violation. It happened to be the National Day of Action to Stop Killer Drones.

Onondaga County Court Judge Miller had ruled to uphold Judge Gideon's conviction, and Grady Flores was ordered to return to jail on Tuesday, January 19.

She was scheduled to appear for a court hearing on January 22, but her supporters suspect she was re-sentenced by mail to avoid a scene reminiscent of her earlier conviction. As *Alternet* reported, "Her supporters speculate that this may have been an attempt to prevent a courtroom and media frenzy such as that which happened when she was originally sentenced."

Grady Flores is <u>ordered</u> to spend six months at the Jamesville Correctional Facility in East Syracuse NY.

The United States' drone program has faced ongoing criticism for its often imprecise bombings, launched by drone operators far removed from the areas being attacked. A recent <u>investigative report</u> by *The Intercept* found 90% of casualties from drone strikes were *not* the intended targets. The Obama administration has <u>previously been accused of and investigated for war crimes</u> for civilian casualties caused by drone attacks. Though the civilian casualty rate is high, a majority of Americans <u>continue to support drone warfare</u>.

In the meantime, nonviolent activists are consistently <u>arrested</u> for <u>demonstrating against</u> <u>drones</u> at air force bases across the country.

As Grady Flores said after her 2014 conviction:

"As I, a nonviolent grandmother of three and caregiver for my mother, prepare for jail — itself a perversion — I stand before you remorseful, less for what I have done than for what I have not yet done to keep my own country from perpetrating its ongoing acts of violence and injustice."

The original source of this article is <u>Activist Post</u> Copyright © <u>Carey Wedler</u>, <u>Activist Post</u>, 2016

Comment on Global Research Articles on our Facebook page

Become a Member of Global Research

Articles by: Carey Wedler

Disclaimer: The contents of this article are of sole responsibility of the author(s). The Centre for Research on Globalization will not be responsible for any inaccurate or incorrect statement in this article. The Centre of Research on Globalization grants permission to cross-post Global Research articles on community internet sites as long the source and copyright are acknowledged together with a hyperlink to the original Global Research article. For publication of Global Research articles in print or other forms including commercial internet sites, contact: publications@globalresearch.ca

www.globalresearch.ca contains copyrighted material the use of which has not always been specifically authorized by the copyright owner. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner.

For media inquiries: publications@globalresearch.ca