JOINT SUB-COMMITTEE ON ADVERSE REACTIONS TO VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

Minutes of the meeting held on Friday 6th October 1989 at 10am in Room 1611/12, Market Towers

- <u>Present</u>: Professor J G Collee (Chairman) Professor J E Banatvala Dr C Bowie Dr E Miller Professor S R Meadow
- DH: Dr D M Salisbury (Assessor) Mrs J F Alderman (Secretary) Dr S Wood Dr F Rotblat Mr P A Whitbourn Mrs S Thomas Dr E Rubery

SHHD: Dr O A Thores

1. Confidentiality and Announcements

1.1 The Chairman reminded members of the particular confidentiality of the proceedings of the meeting, as information from companies and patients' clinical details were to be discussed.

1.2 The Chairman welcomed Mrs Alderman, Dr Rubery and Dr Thores.

2. Apologies for Absence

2.1 Apologies had been received from Dr Cavanagh, Dr McGuiness, Dr Fine, Professor Hull, Professor Miller, Professor Breckenridge and Dr Reid.

2.2 Dr Salisbury was asked to write to members pointing out that ARVI depends on representation from its members' wide spread of specialties ar knowledge, and their attendance is of real importance to the work of the sub-committee.

3. Minutes of the last meeting

After correction of some typographical errors, the minutes of the meeting held on Friday 3rd March 1989 were signed by the Chairman as a true recor of the meeting.

See.

4. Matters arising

4.1 Adverse Reactions Surveillance (item 4.1) - advised that active surveillance of MMR vaccine in Somerset had just started.

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4.2 <u>Anaphylaxis</u>- JCVI has been reassured by the observation that there were no deaths from anaphylaxis following childhood vaccination over 11 years. had approached OPCS to see whether any death certificates over the same time period had mentioned anaphylaxis followin childhood vaccination. None had. was congratulated on taking this initiative. The next issue of the "Green Book" would appear soon after changes had been approved by JCVI in early November. The removal of the text stating that treatment with chlorpheniramine, hydrocortisone and adrenaline should be "at doctor's discretion" was endorsed by the meetir

5. Measles, Mumps and Rubella Vaccine

5.1 Vaccine supply and uptake information

It was noted that distribution of supplies gives a reasonable indication of the use of MMR vaccine, and on this basis (which was justified in discussion) 3 years' worth of vaccine had been used in one year. The meeting felt that the present drive and initiative should be encouraged. The experience from the USA is that vaccination at school age is too lat to eliminate measles. It was also noted that the vaccine (containing

strain) has nearly all the UK market share. This might be attributed to the fact that the product (made by and containing mumps strain) hurts at the injection site and has shorter shelf life at room temperature.

5.2 Neurological reactions

5.2.1 Members attending this ARVI meeting included a Professor of Paediatrics, a senior Epidemiologist, a senior Community Medicine Specialist, a Professor of Virology, and other experienced professional with special interests in this field. The details of 19 cases in or "elating to the UK were considered, to the end of September 1989, and these had also been checked by a search of the yellow cards. The follow: agreed criteria were applied to the assessments: <u>likely</u> <u>association</u>=isolation of mumps virus 15-28 days after vaccination, with appropriate clinical history; <u>possible</u>=clinical history with or without positive CSF cytology and an acceptable time course; <u>negative</u>=no such evidence. The findings were: 3 likely associations, 9 possibles and 7 negative associations with the mumps component of the MMR vaccines in current use in Britain.

5.2.2 These preliminary conclusions are to be reviewed with reference t further information that may be available. It would be important to fol up certain aspects of virological investigations and other observations relating to the local circumstances in some cases. Further information needed to be sought from ______ on histopathology in the Exe case, as the reported pathology had not resembled that of vaccine damag or varicella encephalitis.

5.2.3 The risk, assessed on the basis of the numbers of affected cases from whom mumps virus had been isolated (in relation of the assumed numbers of doses of vaccine given) seems to be of the same order as the accepted for polio vaccine, and in the worst analysis considering the likely and possible cases, the risk would be 1 in 200 000, which is stiless than that found in Canada.

5.2.4 Special consideration was given, at the request of SHHD, to a car from Glasgow of July 1989.

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5.2.6 The meeting's further sadness was expressed over the press reports which could have harmful implications and unneccessarily damage public confidence in vaccines.

5.2.7 Two drafts for suggested statements were tabled and examined, and amendments to the SHHD version were agreed. The amended version is at annex A. Any statement would be issued only with the prior approval of C: and JCVI, who would be guided by SHHD with reference to the fiscal proceedings.

5.3 Oral report of meeting with NIBSC

NIBSC are now able to sequence mumps virus, to distinguish between wild and vaccine-related strains, and to distinguish between Urabe and Jeryl-Lynn vaccine strains. would obtain further samples using saliva from patients with symptoms of wild disease and from those with post-vaccine parotitis. NIBSC were thanked for this most significant advance.

5.4 Death of child:report

The meeting was provided with the details of a child who have alled 12 days after MMR vaccination. No evidence of either death from meningoencephalitis or from MMR related conditions was found. An echoviry had been identified.

5.5 Material from manufacturers

A summary of the Canadian experience and a paper from Germany were examined, and the paucity of data from the US was noted. The help of was appreciated, and a letter from would be sent.

5.6 Publications on MMR

Copies of various manuscripts currently in the press had been made available to members. These were of great use at this stage of the sub-committee's deliberations.

6. Extract from Meyler's Side Effects of Drugs, 11th edition, 1988; Immunobiological Preparations, Dittman S

was thanked for this updated extract.

7. Any other business

7.1 commented that there should be ongoing evaluation of MMR-related neurological events so that the fullest information is available to set against instances such as those discussed at this meeting.

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7.2 The meeting thanked Professor Collee and expressed gratitude for his courtesy and efficiency as ARVI Chairman.

8. Date of next meeting

Friday 23rd March 1990, at 10am.

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